UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA

In re:	Baycol Products Litigation)))	File No. MDL 1431 (MJD)
)))	Minneapolis, Minnesota June 12, 2006 2:00 p.m.

BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL J. DAVIS UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

(EMERGENCY HEARING)

APPEARANCES

For the Plaintiffs: CHARLES ZIMMERMAN, ESQ.

For Defendant Bayer: ADAM HOEFLICH, ESQ.

SUSAN WEBER, ESQ.

ELIZABETH WRIGHT, ESQ.

For Defendant TRACY VAN STEENBURGH, ESQ.

GlaxoSmithKline:

Court Reporter: LORI A. SIMPSON, RMR-CRR

LORILEE K. FINK, RPR-CRR

1005 U.S. Courthouse 300 South Fourth Street

Minneapolis, Minnesota 55415

(612) 664-5104

Proceedings recorded by mechanical stenography; transcript produced by computer.

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	IN OPEN COURT
3	THE CLERK: Multidistrict Litigation 1431,
4	In Re Baycol Products. Please state your appearances for
5	the record.
б	MR. ZIMMERMAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Bucky
7	Zimmerman for the PSC.
8	THE COURT: Good afternoon.
9	MR. HOEFLICH: Good afternoon, Judge. Adam
10	Hoeflich for Bayer.
11	THE COURT: Good afternoon.
12	MS. WEBER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Susan
13	Weber for Bayer.
14	THE COURT: Good afternoon.
15	MS. WRIGHT: Elizabeth Wright for Bayer.
16	THE COURT: Good afternoon.
17	MS. VAN STEENBURGH: Tracy Van Steenburgh on
18	behalf of GlaxoSmithKline.
19	THE COURT: Good afternoon.
20	Mr. Zimmerman.
21	MR. ZIMMERMAN: In an MDL proceeding when we are
22	in the case-specific phase of discovery and a lawyer
23	harasses or coerces or somehow gets a pro se plaintiff to
24	produce confidential documents or work product documents in
25	the setting of a deposition where the issue is supposed to

be what was the medicine and what caused the injury, we think it's a matter that should be brought to the Court's attention.

2.1

2.2

I think the record is very clear as to what happened. I don't think it's necessary for me to go back through the brief and back through the transcripts to tell the Court what occurred.

But I think the bottom line is we have a pro se plaintiff who didn't want to turn over some documents, who felt they shouldn't be turned over; and he was convinced through some pretty heavy lawyering to do something he didn't want to do.

And then when he did it, he didn't get the consent of the PSC. He had a weekend, I guess. He could have called -- and he did place a call, but counsel was not available when he placed the call.

But then after he did it, those documents came into the possession of a sophisticated lawyer and a sophisticated law firm representing a sophisticated, international, multibillion dollar client and they didn't do anything with those documents that were marked attorney-client privileged, confidential, which contained strategies and information written by me and written by others about strategies in the case, even after we wrote them a demand on I believe it was May 26th asking them to

turn them over. And so then we brought the matter before the Court.

2.1

2.2

I don't think that's making a mountain out of a molehill or applesauce out of apples, as Judge Lebedoff used to say. I think it's something that should be brought before the court who is supervising this litigation.

The PSC represents thousands of people out there and some of them are *pro se* plaintiffs; and when something like this happens, Your Honor, we think it needs to be brought to your attention.

We think the facts are clearly outlined. The Defendants have come in with all kinds of ways -- now they have sealed the records and they have held them into someone else's hands and then they've got an expert to tell you that it really didn't happen this way or if it happened this way it really isn't a bad thing. I don't buy it. I don't know if the Court is going to buy it.

I think the fact of the matter is that a young -I mean a client, pro se client, who has a personal injury
case that's not a significant serious rhabdo case but a
smaller case, who is under his second deposition, is
whipsawed into believing he's got to do something he didn't
want to do; and then after he did it, when the documents are
clearly defined as to what they are, work product, and what
they contained, opinions and direction of litigation,

they're not turned over, they're not turned back. It's wrong and I think the Court should do something about it.

2.1

2.2

What I would like the Court to do is allow us to do some discovery to find out really what did happen with those documents, who did look at them, if someone was looking at them why did they look at them and why didn't they turn them back, and allow us to come back before this Court on a fuller record so we can ask the Court what should be the appropriate response.

We've been down this trail before and I think it should be -- what's good for the goose should be good for the gander, Your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. HOEFLICH: Good afternoon, Judge Davis.

THE COURT: Good afternoon.

MR. HOEFLICH: We are here on an emergency motion concerning allegedly confidential information. There is no emergency here. The Plaintiffs' Steering Committee learned on May 8th that Mr. Hayes, a pro se litigant, who has been involved in more than ten lawsuits, had provided documents to the Defendants in a case that's pending in this court.

The Plaintiffs' Steering Committee then waited weeks to send a letter to Ms. Weber and Mr. Mizgala and to the local counsel involved as well. There was no phone call to Ms. Weber. There was no phone call to me. There were no

e-mails sent. Instead they filed this motion.

2.1

2.2

And when we immediately offered to return the documents, despite the fact that we do not believe that there is any confidence there, we were told that that wasn't enough, that the young lawyer who had taken the deposition needed to be removed from the case. That's why we're here in front of this Court. We've offered to give them back the materials even though they're not confidential and that offer has been rebuffed.

The background of this motion is also that there has been no broad disclosure of the documents. The documents that were provided by Mr. Hayes four days after the deposition are in the Court's hands. We do not have a copy of them. The documents that were attached to his deposition as exhibits to the deposition have not been broadly circulated, I believe there may be a few copies, and we've offered to give all of those back to Mr. Zimmerman. The document has been removed from the tracking system that Bayer uses to keep track of depositions.

Finally, there's been no inappropriate --

THE COURT: Where are the documents?

MR. HOEFLICH: The documents that were sent to the Defendants four days after the deposition I believe were delivered to the Court.

THE COURT: I've got those, but you said that

there were some other documents that were --

2.1

2.2

MR. HOEFLICH: Yes, there are copies in Mr. Lavery's file back in Kentucky in a file cabinet. We brought a set of the documents that are here under seal in case the Court wanted to see the deposition exhibits today, and we can provide those to the Court or to Mr. Zimmerman immediately.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. HOEFLICH: There's also been no inappropriate conduct here. The Plaintiffs' Steering Committee made a conscious decision to provide documents to Mr. Hayes. The Plaintiffs' Steering Committee has made no showing that they took any steps whatsoever to preserve confidentiality with respect to those documents.

We have not been provided with any sort of joint prosecution agreement or any other material that even conceivably could be used to show that there was some sort of confidence.

Second, Mr. Hayes came to the deposition, put the documents on the table and proceeded to say that he reviewed them and was relying on them for his deposition. At one point he said he was going to hammer Bayer with this one.

Under those circumstances, if there ever was any confidence, it was waived; and it's not any different than a waiver

Mr. Hayes did before.

If I may approach, Your Honor?

THE COURT: (Indicating.)

2.1

2.2

MR. HOEFLICH: When Mr. Hayes provided his case-specific expert report that came through the Plaintiffs' Steering Committee, he attached to it a science perspective on the Baycol cases and the Plaintiffs' Steering Committee provided that to us. Mr. Hayes gave a colloquy at the end of his deposition where he again relied on documents from the Plaintiffs' Steering Committee.

He made a conscious decision four days after the deposition to send documents to Defendants, documents that he relied on in his testimony. When Mr. Hayes did that, that was a decision to use those materials. If there ever was any confidence, that confidence was waived.

I would also note that Mr. Hayes has not provided an affidavit. He has not filed a motion in front of this Court. He made a conscious decision to use those documents and to rely on them. There is a clear waiver of any confidence that may have existed.

Mr. Lavery, who is with us today in the courtroom, at no point coerced Mr. Hayes to do anything and Mr. Hayes is not someone who could be coerced. He has been involved in more than ten lawsuits, including lawsuits against insurance companies, lawsuits against judges. This is not his first time dealing with counsel.

Mr. Hayes also said that he called Mr. Zimmerman's office and that he was providing us the documents -- or he told Mr. Lavery's paralegal that he was providing the documents only if he didn't hear back from Mr. Zimmerman's office. There was a clear decision to use these documents and to provide them to us.

2.1

2.2

Your Honor, Mr. Lavery reasonably believed that there was no confidentiality. He did nothing wrong in asking Mr. Hayes for these documents.

You've seen the affidavit of Professor Hodes and Professor Hodes says, first, there was no confidentiality in the documents; second, if there was any work product protection, it was clearly waived; third, after reviewing the deposition, Professor Hodes stated that Mr. Lavery acted entirely appropriately.

The portion of the deposition that's been pulled out by Mr. Zimmerman, all it says is that Mr. Lavery is going to file a motion if the documents aren't given and that he'll seek costs in accordance with that motion. I would respectfully suggest that if Mr. Lavery did not tell the litigant what he planned to do, we might be accused of sandbagging the man.

There was absolutely nothing done inappropriately in that deposition and we urge the Court to read it. There was no harassment, intimidation, or anything else. We

approached the PSC and we think we acted reasonably. We offered to give back all copies of the documents.

2.1

2.2

And I'd again note there's been no showing of privilege, there's been no showing of a common interest, there's been no affidavit by Mr. Hayes, or any evidence at all of what steps the PSC took to keep these documents confidential. There's been no document-by-document showing of why these materials should be protected by the Court and we have a complete record that what Mr. Hayes did waived any privilege.

That said, we understand the peculiar circumstances that are at issue here and we're not looking to create any issue for Mr. Zimmerman or the PSC and we offer to give back the documents and all copies.

What we won't do is take a step that's unprecedented in the case law or in the history of this case. There has never been an instance when a counsel who has seen an even inadvertently produced document or any other circumstances where someone has been removed from the litigation. Mr. Moll is still practicing in this matter. We do not think that the penalty for a young lawyer for acting appropriately should be to put a black mark on his record and remove him from this case.

We have offered to give all copies of the materials to Mr. Zimmerman. We've offered not to keep any

of them. All we need to know are which deposition exhibits that he believes he needs back and we'll give them to him, but we don't think anything more is required and we don't think anything more would be appropriate.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Anything else?

2.1

2.2

MR. ZIMMERMAN: Your Honor, we need to look at reality here. First off, if you look at the documents that were turned over, they say, Confidential, attorney work product, Baycol plaintiffs' counsel only. It's a February 26, 2004 letter from me on my letterhead.

Counsel asked the client, Well, who is Zimmerman Reed? They're not your -- he must have known it came from me. He asked, Well, who's Zimmerman Reed? He's not your attorney.

Now, anybody involved in this litigation knows that Zimmerman Reed is involved in this litigation as one of the co-lead counsel, but yet he is asking Mr. Hayes to testify or not testify whether Mr. Zimmerman is his attorney when he knows he's about to be handed a document that has a legend on top that says, Confidential, attorney-client -- excuse me -- attorney work product and authored by me.

And there are four of these letters and contained within them are lots of strategies about how we're going to approach nonrhabdo cases in the future, what the science is,

what the medicine is, and what you should do.

2.1

2.2

Now, if you tell me that a lawyer doesn't know that that's an inappropriate kind of information to seek from a pro se client, I'm in a different reality. And if the Court tells me that that's a waiver because this poor soul who is being asked under threat of motions and costs and sanctions to turn something over, that that's voluntary, I guess I must be in a different reality.

This was not a conscious decision by Mr. Hayes to turn over documents. He said he doesn't want to turn them over. He placed a call to Dick Lockridge's office on Friday after -- the deposition was on a Thursday. He placed a call to him on Friday. He was in trial in New York. He placed a call to my office. I did not get the message. He put it into my voice mail.

I got the message on -- I got a message on Monday at about 5:00 saying he had already turned over the documents. He didn't ask me about turning them over. He said he had turned them over, at which point I tried to locate Dick, waited until his trial was over, and ultimately we sent the letter of May 26th saying to Mr. Lavery, Darryl Lavery, copied to Susan Weber, copied to James Mizgala, Turn back over the documents.

Three weeks later, three weeks later we're before this Court and they say, well, somehow that's not an

emergency. Emergency or not, it's a matter of some concern to the integrity of the Court and the integrity of the system where you've got lots of other depositions going on out there with lots of other people.

THE COURT: Let's stop. I set this on quickly, so you got my attention. Both sides, understand that you got my attention.

MR. ZIMMERMAN: Okay.

2.1

2.2

THE COURT: I received some of the documents that are under seal. I have not opened them. My understanding is there's some more here that can be turned over to the Court and I will turn them over to the PSC. There's one set or one copy that's down in Kentucky. I will have that brought up under seal and turned over to the Court so I can turn that over to the PSC.

The next question is how do we set up a procedure to make sure that this does not occur again, because there are a number of *pro se* clients that are out there. What is your suggestion?

MR. ZIMMERMAN: My first suggestion was -- and that's what created a little bit of controversy -- to say that the person who did this the first time shouldn't be continuing to do it and ask that he not be allowed to continue to bring these kinds of pressures on *pro se* plaintiffs.

THE COURT: Well --

2.1

2.2

MR. ZIMMERMAN: That was my first suggestion.

THE COURT: Let me back up on that. Let me talk you through that. Depositions, I guess, are something that I don't see and I can say the great judicial system is working because when you come before me you say, "Your Honor" and "Yes, Your Honor," and "No, Your Honor," but I know from talking to you and talking to Defense and talking to other lawyers that depositions are the bane of being a lawyer now. Depositions have just gotten out of hand.

I can't be at every deposition. I think I received one call during the whole course of this litigation dealing with a deposition that was being taken taking place out in New York about time limits. We spent more time dealing with me finding out what was going on than the amount of time that was being asked to extend the deposition, and I acted on that guickly.

I acted on this quickly because at this point I don't have a magistrate judge, and I will be appointing a magistrate judge shortly to be handling any more of these types of issues so I don't have to take the Court's time to handle this. But now that you've got my attention, I saw it and I want to make sure that we rectify it.

And whether or not the Defense is right or wrong of bringing up Ken Moll because they never suggested what

should happen other than a fine on him, I went through a series of factual findings and I fined him and he paid off the fine and I took him off the PSC, but I allowed him to continue to represent his clients.

2.1

2.2

What I can do is for you to get all the documents back, make sure that we have them. We can set procedures into place dealing with protected documents that pro se clients may have that are received from the PSC, making sure that the Defense knows that before they receive any documents they are to check with the PSC whether or not they are, in fact, attorney-client privileged. If that's violated, then I have something in place.

I think that -- you've all spent a tremendous amount of money to be here today; and that was my point, to get you here so I can get your attention.

Now, I can -- as you know, I can come down with a big hammer and I have and will in my career. I can do that. That's not a problem, but I feel more comfortable making sure that we get everything and that if you feel that something has leaked out, that you haven't gotten everything, certainly I can give you limited discovery.

But my question is that's more money, that's more of your time. If I have an order coming from the Court saying this has to be done and if it's violated and everyone knows if it's violated, then they're going to have to reckon

with me.

2.1

2.2

We're all tense. We've been together for close to five years on this matter. You have been appointed by me to lead this litigation for the Plaintiffs. You have -- you had and you still have my support on the work that you have been doing. And so the question is at this point what else can the Court do.

MR. ZIMMERMAN: Okay. Short answer. Number one, I have to be sure that the documents that have my mental impressions about this litigation as conveyed to people who have an interest in the litigation that are not the Defense have been protected. I have to be sure that this information didn't go anywhere else within Bayer or within their counsel. I have to be sure of that.

THE COURT: So you want discovery?

MR. ZIMMERMAN: Yes.

THE COURT: How many depositions do you think you have to take?

MR. ZIMMERMAN: I imagine it would be maybe -possibly two. I can only think of one right now, which is
counsel who took the documents in, and whoever might have
touched them within that frame of reference, which I
understand at this point is only one person. Maybe it's
more.

THE COURT: Granted. What else?

MR. ZIMMERMAN: Second thing I would like, Your Honor, is I would like you to understand the process that's going on has an intimidation to it and that we need to make sure that the message goes out that taking and noticing and asking questions at depositions is for the purpose of discovery and not for the purpose of backing people away from cases. Now, I don't know quite how to do that, Your Honor, but that's what's happening.

2.1

2.2

And this kind of message where a pro se plaintiff gets sort of hammered up and then has to do something he doesn't want to do has a very strong message among people who have claims that aren't necessarily gigantic claims and it gets people to back off and back away and, you know, get a little -- run a little scared of Bayer's tactics, Your Honor. And that concerns me, and you know that has concerned me for some time. I don't know how to deal with it exactly.

THE COURT: Well --

MR. ZIMMERMAN: Maybe limiting the number of depositions, perhaps.

THE COURT: Well, the situation dealing with the depositions, I see no reason to change that, but certainly for pro se litigants and dealing with documents to be turned over, we can set up a protocol that both the PSC and the Defense understand that if there's going to be a possibility

of turning over documents that are attorney-client -- at least work product, attorney work product, that the PSC has turned over to the *pro se* plaintiff, that the *pro se* plaintiff have an opportunity to contact you or Mr. Lockridge or someone designated within your firms to give the okay or no okay on those documents.

2.1

2.2

That can be done. That's simple. There's no rush to get these documents. A delay of a week is not going to make the world come to an end.

And so that's what I am talking about, so there is something in place that both the PSC knows that will protect their interests dealing with work product matters and that whoever the Defendants send out, whether or not they are young lawyers -- and young lawyers have to get experience and young lawyers, just like experienced lawyers, make mistakes.

At this point I'm not rushing to judgment on whether or not this was on purpose or not. I hope I don't have to -- you don't force me to do that. Because if I come down against you, that doesn't help you any in any event.

So that's why I am trying to get a settlement here where we can have a procedure in place, that I file an order that this is what's going to occur when there's a pro se plaintiff involved. If there's an attorney involved, you know, you have to deal with the attorney.

1 MR. ZIMMERMAN: But if --2 THE COURT: If the attorney turned something over that shouldn't be turned over, well, then there's ethical 3 violations there. 4 MR. ZIMMERMAN: Let's talk about that, Your Honor, 5 because the pro se plaintiff apparently turned over 6 7 something that was just handed up to you, which was a PowerPoint program -- it contained, among other things, a 8 9 PowerPoint program prepared by one of Mr. Lockridge's 10 partners, Bert Black. 11 Now, when that was turned over, that clearly was 12 work product, clearly on its face was work product. 13 lawyer who received that, whether it be at Adam's office, 14 Susan's office, or Mr. Lavery's office, should have turned 15 that back over. I mean, that was clearly work product. 16 They knew it. They saw it. They say, well, it's voluntary and it was turned over. 17 18 This is just a problem I'm concerned about. 19 take these documents, they don't turn them back, they kept 20 them and say it's been waived and now we've got it and --2.1 THE COURT: Mr. Zimmerman, I am trying to be 2.2 reasonable here because --23 MR. ZIMMERMAN: And I am trying to come up with a 24 system --25 THE COURT: I can tell you that we've looked at

1 the law, and you can win on the law and you can lose on the 2 law. So that's --3 MR. ZIMMERMAN: All I am saying is I think we should have a system where they are turned back. 4 agreeing with what Your Honor has said. Under those 5 circumstances when something is turned over that shouldn't 6 be, we should have a system to bring them back. 7 I'm agreeing with Your Honor. I'm not asking for 8 9 anything other than what you're saying you feel is 10 appropriate, that documents that are turned over that 11 shouldn't have been turned over by a pro se plaintiff, like 12 the PowerPoint, are turned back or brought back. 13 THE COURT: If I didn't -- certainly that's the 14 whole aspect of if something is turned over, that it should be --15 16 MR. ZIMMERMAN: That was my point. THE COURT: If it's within the guidelines of work 17 18 product documents, if it's not stamped but it's still 19 obvious that it's a work product document, certainly that 20 could be point number four or five or whatever agreement 2.1 that we come up with, that Defense will turn those back over 2.2 and --23 MR. ZIMMERMAN: All I'm -- okay. 24 THE COURT: I just don't want to beat this into 25 the ground. I think it is something that we can resolve

fairly quickly. And I've got the attention of everyone.

You're here. You're a very busy person. Adam is very busy,

Susan is very busy, and Tracy is very busy.

2.1

2.2

Everyone is here and so let's see if we can resolve it by coming to an agreement on some kind of procedures that we can -- and that I will publish them. I think that has --

MR. ZIMMERMAN: I think that has the --

THE COURT: I think that has a resounding effect in a litigation, so people know.

MR. ZIMMERMAN: I totally agree with that. My last point, Your Honor, is until we know what happened to the document, I think the young lawyer who took the deposition should at least not be taking them further until we resolve what happened with them. That was my other point and we leave that to the Court, but it seems to me prima facie we made a case that something was done that shouldn't have been done and it shouldn't continue to happen in the future.

THE COURT: Well, I suspect -- I don't know. I've given you the right to take his deposition and one other person that may have touched the documents. You take that quickly and I think you will find out what I surmise, that it's something that was done by a young lawyer that was in no way trying to violate the rules of evidence, the rules of

1 a court. But I may be wrong. You may be able to find 2 something, but that's why I am allowing you to take the 3 deposition. 4 MR. ZIMMERMAN: Okay. Thank you. THE COURT: And do it quickly and get it over with 5 and don't do as I hear the other lawyers do, badger during 6 7 the deposition. MR. ZIMMERMAN: I will promise you, Your Honor, 8 9 that I will not badger. Thank you. 10 THE COURT: Adam. 11 MR. HOEFLICH: Thank you, Your Honor. First I would like to address Mr. Zimmerman's comments about the 12 13 attachment to the rule -- the PTO 114 report. The PSC 14 received that report at the same time that we did. 15 There was a clear decision by Mr. Hayes to, if 16 there ever was a work product protection for that document, waive it. There is no rule of which we're aware or to which 17 18 the PSC directed the Court saying that a pro se plaintiff 19 does not have the ability to waive work product protection. 20 That clearly was done. 2.1 And I believe that the law is relatively clear and 2.2 straightforward that there is no confidentiality on that 23 document, and I would assume that that is why the PSC never asked for that document back. 24

Similarly, Mr. Lavery's behavior at the deposition

25

was straightforward and appropriate. Mr. Hayes made decisions to provide those documents to Mr. Lavery. There was waiver of any work product protection that ever existed.

2.1

2.2

When the Plaintiffs' Steering Committee decided to give documents to Mr. Hayes and they've made no showing at all that they took any steps to protect those documents, they lost protection for those documents.

When the witness came to the deposition and said he had reviewed them and was relying on them for testimony he was giving, we were entitled to ask for that material.

THE COURT: What about the procedures that I want to put in place? Let's talk about those.

MR. HOEFLICH: We're happy to work with the Court and Mr. Zimmerman. We offered the documents back. My principal concern, Judge, is to drag Mr. Lavery in front of Mr. Zimmerman for a deposition when he did absolutely nothing wrong and the record is clear.

Mr. Lavery provided the Court with a detailed affidavit of what happened with the documents that came four days after the deposition. We're happy to give you an affidavit on whatever copies may be in Mr. Lavery's firm. You have an affidavit from Mr. Maxwell, the paralegal at his firm.

There's no reason for this person to be deposed and there's certainly no reason for him to be besmirched in

this court. We are happy to come back in chambers with Mr. Lavery and speak to the Court and speak to Mr. Zimmerman and try to work this thing out, but this young lawyer did absolutely nothing wrong in that deposition. He didn't intimidate, harass, or coerce anybody.

2.1

2.2

We understand the situation the PSC is in. We understand the situation with pro se litigants and we are happy to work with the Court because we understand the concerns, despite what the law is. We want to move this forward. What we don't want to happen is for somebody to be unfairly dragged through this.

So we remain open, ready, and willing to work with Mr. Zimmerman and with the Court, just like we were the minute we heard about this dispute.

THE COURT: Let's spend some time drafting a -certainly when lawyers turn over something inadvertently,
well, you know, it's too bad, but here we have a pro se -- I
don't know how many pro se litigants that you're taking
depositions of. It's just a -- there is going to be a court
order so things -- so we don't have to have these types of
hearings before the magistrate judge dealing with whether or
not waiver has taken place.

Let's just get -- it will be simple,
straightforward. Before a huge amount of documents are
turned over that shouldn't be turned over and then you come

into court saying -- then we are fighting back and forth whether or not Plaintiffs' PSC has done the appropriate thing in protecting those documents and then whether or not there's waiver by the *pro se* client, let's just get a simple four or five paragraph or four or five sentence document that I can sign off on that you are going to draft right here and now in the next half hour and we'll solve this problem.

2.1

2.2

I have the documents. Let's get all the documents and copies back. They can be turned over to Mr. Zimmerman today or in the next couple of days. We can have this matter resolved. Can I call on counsel to do that?

MR. HOEFLICH: Absolutely, Your Honor. And I would add that part of the equation is taking steps to make sure the *pro se* litigants understand that Mr. Zimmerman does not intend for these documents to be attached to PowerPoints or expert reports or used in court.

MR. ZIMMERMAN: Your Honor, we're kind of running a little bit beyond afield here. Adam is making an argument as a matter of law that there's waiver. Adam is making an argument as a matter of law that the conduct of his co-counsel was appropriate. Adam is making an argument as a matter of law to all of this stuff. And I am just not buying it the way Adam sells it. I don't believe that's exactly what happened.

1 Now, I'm perfectly willing to sit here and work on 2 these procedures going forward, I want to do that, I want to bring integrity to the process going forward, but I can't 3 just walk away from what happened before. I need to find 4 out what happened. I think that's the right thing to do. 5 And I think that's what the Court asked me to do 6 7 and I don't know if you are telling me I shouldn't do that 8 now or I should do that now, but I feel strongly that I just 9 can't buy into Adam's --10 THE COURT: I don't see where I said that you 11 could not take two depositions. 12 MR. ZIMMERMAN: I thought he asked that that not 13 occur. 14 THE COURT: He can ask for the whole world, but 15 I've already stated that you could take two depositions. 16 MR. ZIMMERMAN: Okay. I thought he was asking 17 that that not occur. 18 THE COURT: Well, of course he's going to ask 19 that, that's his job, but when you asked for it, I ruled on 20 it. 2.1 MR. ZIMMERMAN: All right. I thought there was a 2.2 backing off of that when you said sit down and work this 23 out. 24 THE COURT: But I need you to sit down and work 25 out the five or six sentence --

1	MR. ZIMMERMAN: Fine.
2	THE COURT: order that I will be signing off on
3	and read it into the record. I can put it in writing and we
4	can docket it.
5	MR. ZIMMERMAN: I understand.
6	MR. HOEFLICH: Your Honor, may I clarify the scope
7	of the depositions? I believe the Court ordered two
8	depositions on what has happened to the documents and copies
9	of the documents.
10	THE COURT: Right.
11	MR. HOEFLICH: And it's limited to that?
12	THE COURT: And that's all it's limited to.
13	MR. HOEFLICH: Thank you, Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: Where else would it go? I don't want
15	it to go any further than that. That's where the
16	documents what happened to the documents and where they
17	went.
18	And by that time if Mr. Zimmerman still thinks
19	the depositions are to take place after this afternoon's
20	hearing, well, that's fine, he can take them. He has a
21	constituency that he has to deal with and so I have given
22	him the opportunity to take those two depositions.
23	So why don't we take 20 minutes and pound out
24	something. We've got Susan here. She's very good at that.
25	So let's get something that Mr. Zimmerman will agree to and

1 can be read into the record and I will come back out in 20 2 minutes. 3 MR. ZIMMERMAN: Your Honor, I have a plane I have to catch at 5:20, but we do have people here that --4 THE COURT: You have what? 5 MR. ZIMMERMAN: A plane I have to catch at 5:20. 6 7 I am willing to work on it now. I just want the Court to know I've got to run to the airport and catch a plane at 8 9 5:20. I'll work on it right now and there are other people 10 in the courtroom who can also help me. I don't have --11 THE COURT: I said in 20 minutes. I can't imagine 12 that you can't pound this out in 20 minutes. 13 MR. ZIMMERMAN: Right. I am just giving you my 14 problem so it doesn't come up later that I have to run out of the courtroom. 15 16 THE COURT: I am sure Adam and Susan has a plane 17 to catch back to Chicago. We'll get it done. That's why I 18 brought you here. You asked for an emergency hearing and 19 then you're telling me that you've got to get on a plane? 20 Let's pound out the agreement and I can read it into the 2.1 record by 3:00. 2.2 MR. HOEFLICH: Your Honor, I don't know if 23 Mr. Zimmerman has it with him, but it might be helpful to 24 have whatever agreement you have, if you have any, with 25 Mr. Hayes or pro se litigants that's used to protect any

1	confidentiality.
2	MR. ZIMMERMAN: I don't have it with me. They all
3	sign the same joint prosecution
4	MR. HOEFLICH: Has he signed one?
5	MR. ZIMMERMAN: He has agreed to it. Whether I
6	have a signed one, I don't he has agreed to it.
7	MR. HOEFLICH: We can deal with this as part of
8	the order. Thank you, Judge.
9	THE COURT: Give him back these things. I don't
10	want them anymore.
11	All right. I will come out at five after 3:00.
12	MR. ZIMMERMAN: Thank you.
13	(Recess taken at 2:40 p.m.)
14	* * * *
15	(3:10 p.m.)
16	IN OPEN COURT
17	THE COURT: Mr. Zimmerman, what do we have?
18	MR. ZIMMERMAN: I believe we've reached an
19	agreement for a PTO, Your Honor. Susan Weber is going to
20	read it, and then we'll see if it meets with everyone's
21	approval.
22	THE COURT: All right.
23	MS. WEBER: This is in my chicken scratching, Your
24	Honor. What we would propose is that we have a game plan
25	here, that we actually type it out so you can read it and

get it to you tomorrow. It would be a PTO titled something like Special Procedures for Depositions of *Pro Se*Plaintiffs.

2.1

2.2

We have some preparatory language. The PSC has provided certain MDL work product (PSC documents for the rest of the order) to pro se plaintiffs who may not fully appreciate the ordinary procedures for protecting the confidentiality of such material. It is therefore ordered:

1. If during a deposition a pro se plaintiff relies upon a PSC document or documents and makes clear that it is a PSC document, the plaintiff shall, in the presence of deposing counsel, place the documents in a sealed envelope and at the close of the deposition mail the documents to the PSC care of -- and we stuck Yvonne Flaherty with this job for the PSC, who will telephone national counsel for Bayer, which would be me, and Fred for GSK to meet and confer regarding appropriate disposition of the documents.

Then we had a second paragraph covering the scenario where it's not clear that it's a PSC document that gets produced until it's in the defendant counsel's hot little hands.

If a pro se plaintiff has produced a document or documents to deposing counsel and that document reasonably appears to be PSC work product, defense counsel shall, in

the presence of *pro se* plaintiff, place the document in a sealed envelope and at the close of the deposition -- and then the rest of that paragraph would read just as the preceding paragraph, mail it to Yvonne, who will contact Fred and me.

2.1

2.2

Paragraph 3. Pursuant to either paragraph 1 or 2, local defense counsel will immediately -- will at the close of the deposition immediately call national defense counsel to advise them of events at the deposition. National defense counsel will contact PSC counsel to alert the PSC that possible work product materials are being transmitted pursuant to the procedures set forth herein.

If counsel for the PSC and national defense counsel cannot agree on appropriate disposition of the documents, the matter will be referred to -- we thought the magistrate you're about to appoint.

Nothing in this order is intended to or shall be construed to confer confidentiality on or work product protection upon any document or to waive confidentiality or work product protection for any document.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. ZIMMERMAN: I think that captures it, Your Honor, very clearly. We've set up some parameters to be protected.

(612) 664-5104

THE COURT: How much time do you need to schedule

1	these depositions so we can get this out of the way so I'm
2	done with this matter?
3	MR. ZIMMERMAN: I imagine we could have these done
4	within two weeks or less.
5	THE COURT: All right.
6	MR. ZIMMERMAN: Is that I don't know if that
7	works for you all. Do you need do you think you need
8	more time for the depositions?
9	MR. HOEFLICH: Subject to Mr. Lavery's schedule, I
10	would think that would work for defense counsel.
11	MR. ZIMMERMAN: Let's just put it what's today,
12	the 12th? Should we just say to the last Friday of the
13	month, this month, the 28th?
14	THE CLERK: June 30th.
15	MR. ZIMMERMAN: Say by June 30th, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: Is that agreeable?
17	MR. LAVERY: To have it on June 30th?
18	MR. ZIMMERMAN: To have it on or before
19	June 30th.
20	MR. LAVERY: I'll make time.
21	THE COURT: All right. Okay. Anything further?
22	MR. HOEFLICH: No, Your Honor.
23	MS. WEBER: Perhaps we should go on the record
24	with what we decided to do with respect to the deposition
25	documents at issue here.

MR. ZIMMERMAN: Sure.

2.1

2.2

MS. WEBER: There are two different categories of documents at issue in the Terry Hayes case. We have the documents that were produced only after the deposition and those have been returned to the PSC, who will transmit it to Mr. Hayes if it's appropriate.

With respect to the documents --

THE COURT: Katie.

MR. HOEFLICH: Thank you, Katie.

MS. WEBER: With respect to the documents that were exhibits to the deposition, we've conferred with the PSC based on the exhibit list at the front of the deposition. They have advised us which of the exhibits they think may be PSC work product. They agree that certain of the exhibits, for instance, fax sheets, medical records, are not in dispute. We have hard copies here of the Court's -- the copy that was produced to the Court and the copy defense counsel had, which we will return to the PSC.

Mr. Lavery will check the documents that are in his possession, remove the disputed exhibits, and we will return those to the PSC without anyone reviewing them.

And then we'll have a deposition with all of the other undisputed records ready so that we can make that available and proceed with the litigation in Mr. Hayes' case.

1	MR. ZIMMERMAN: I find that appropriate, Your
2	Honor.
3	THE COURT: All right. Anything further?
4	MR. ZIMMERMAN: No, Your Honor.
5	MR. HOEFLICH: Thank you, Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: We can go off the record.
7	(Court adjourned at 3:20 p.m.)
8	* * *
9	
10	
11	I, Lori A. Simpson and Lorilee K. Fink, certify
12	that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record
13	of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
14	
15	
16	Certified by: Lori A. Simpson, RMR-CRR
17	HOLL A. SIMPSOII, KIM CKK
18	Certified by:
19	Lorilee K. Fink, RPR-CRR
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	